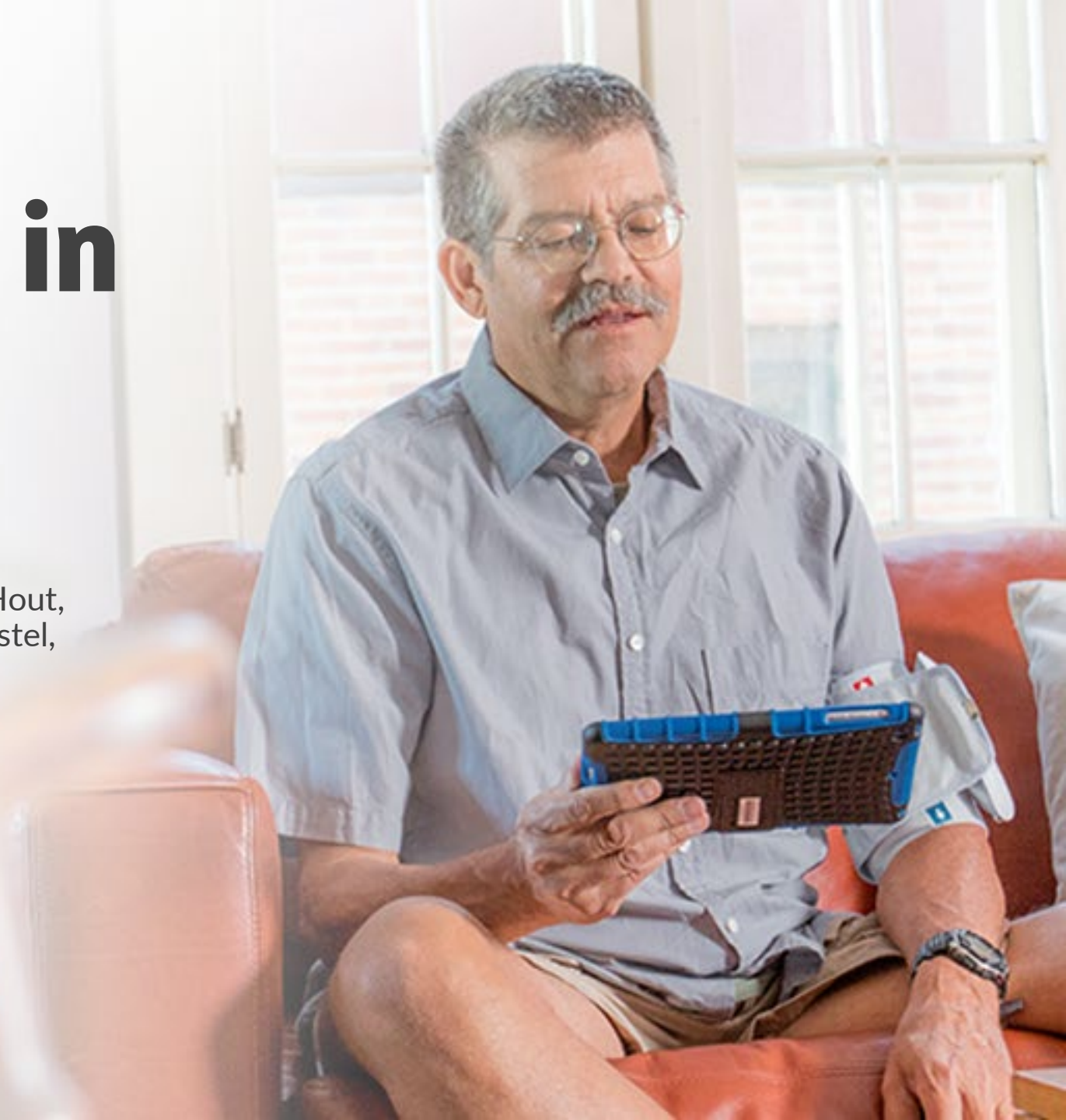


Blood Pressure Telemonitoring in a Large US PD Population

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Disclosures

Martin Schreiber, Mike Gonzales, Bram Van Hout, Brooke Bowlby, Michelle Cassin, and Jodi Holly-Kestel are all employees of DaVita Inc.

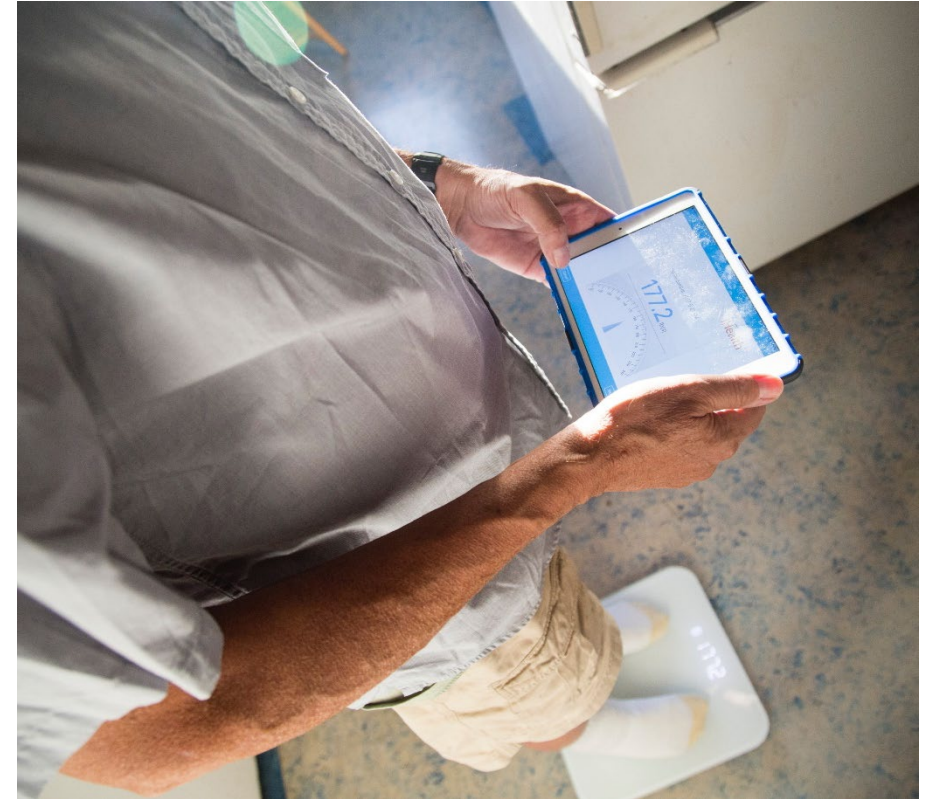
Background

Home Remote Monitoring (HRM)

- HRM is a telehealth strategy that utilizes cellular technology to transmit patients' biometric data collected at home to the electronic health record of their dialysis provider.
- In April 2017, an HRM program was launched nationwide for peritoneal dialysis (PD) patients at a US large dialysis organization (LDO).

Objective

This study evaluated longitudinal trends in blood pressure (BP) control among PD patients participating in the HRM program.



Methods

Patients

- Dialyzing with PD
- Participating in the HRM program from April 2017 - January 2020

Data for This Analysis

- Data were abstracted from LDO electronic medical records.
- Outcomes tracked monthly included for all patients:
 - Mean BP
 - Mean arterial BP (MABP)
 - Number of transmitted BP measurements
 - Number of BP alerts
 - Number of antihypertensive (anti-HTN) medications prescribed
- BP alert thresholds were determined on a patient-by-patient basis by the treating physician.



Results through January 2020

21,081 Eligible Patients

- Average age = 59 years
- 57% male



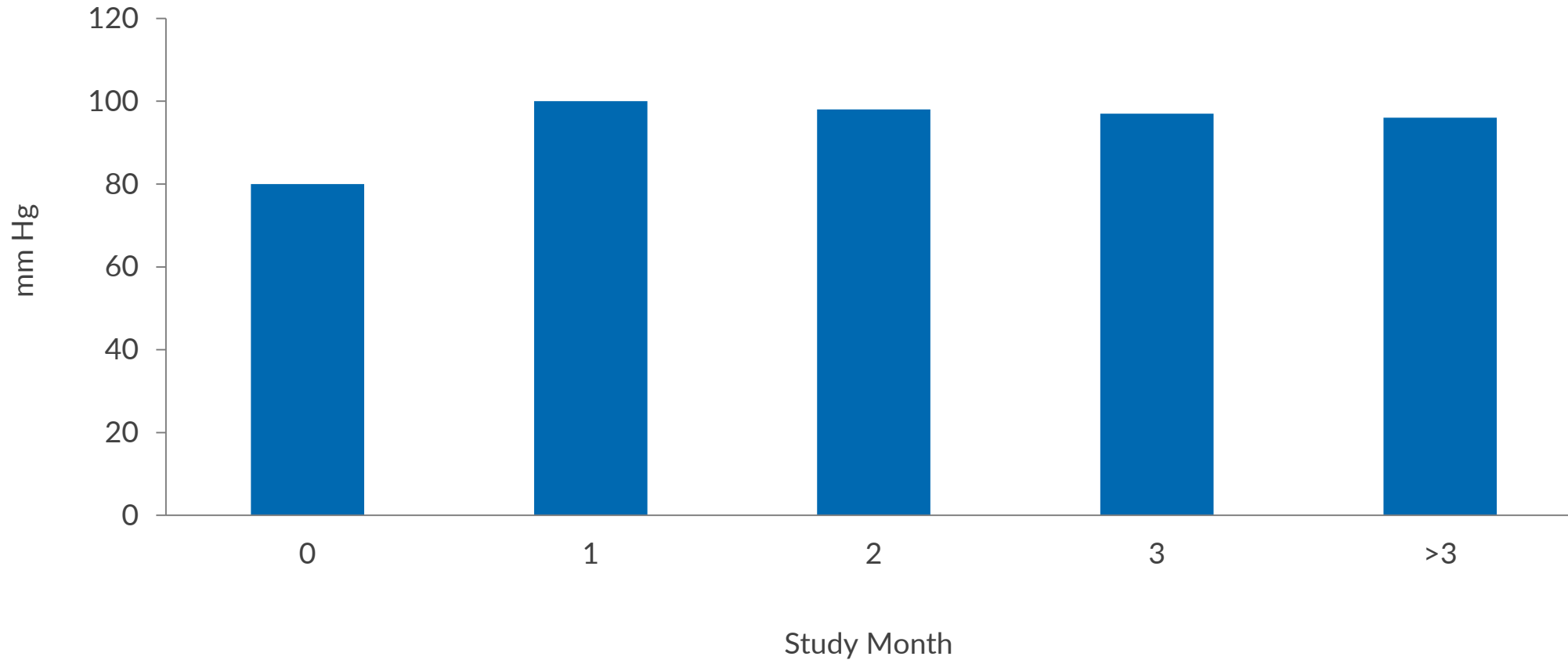
BP Results

- Number of individual transmitted BP measurements: >3.5 million total
 - 170 readings/patient on average over the 43-month (total) study period
- Number of patients achieving target BP (<130/80 mmHg): 34%
- BP alerts: 764,658 total (36 BP alerts/patient)
 - Most common actions in response to alerts: changes in medications and prescribed ultrafiltration volume
- Number of anti-HTN medications prescribed
 - 0 in 30% of patients
 - 1-3 in 23% of patients
 - >3 in 47% of patients

MABP Results as of January 2020

MABP by Study Month

Calculation: $MABP = SBP + 2(DBP) / 3$



Updated Results through June 2020

Number of Patients between April 2017 and June 2020

- Active HRM patients = 21,731 since inception to current ;
- 19,795 included with 90 day BP transmission results as of June 2020

BP Results

- Number of individual transmitted BP measurements: 4.5 million total
 - 179 readings/patient on average over 41 months
- Target BP (<130/80 mmHg) values: 34% (n=145,025)
- BP values >130/80 mmHg: 66% (n=275,429)
- BP alerts: 915,000 total
 - 40 BP alerts/patient



Updated BP Results through June 2020 with 90 day BP results

BP Results

| Systolic BP categories (mmHg) | Number of readings (N=4,128,412) |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <110 | 561,811 |
| 110 -130 | 1,301,586 |
| 131-160 | 1,700,400 |
| >160 | 566,028 |
| Mean arterial pressure (MAP) (mmHg) | Number of readings (N=4,128,412) |
| <97 | 2,188,665 |
| ≥97 | 1,939,747 |



Conclusions

- HRM can be successfully employed to capture patient BP readings in the home environment.
- HRM identified a significant percentage of PD patients with uncontrolled BP.
- Ongoing studies are focused on antihypertensive medication selection/classes and prescription design components (i.e., UF rate/day, and current wt. vs target wt.)
- HRM could be a potentially useful component of clinical programs designed to improve BP control and cardiovascular outcomes.

