Patients' Experiences of Daily Home HD Compared to In-center HD

Meg Wise, PhD - University of Wisconsin

Dori Schatell, MS – Medical Education Institute

Kristi Klicko – Medical Education Institute

Courtney Deckard-Mawhinney - DaVita

The Problem

• In-center HD patients don't understand that different HD modalities can impact their day-to-day lifestyle and health-related quality of life; thus they may reject the option of home therapy.

Approach

Study goal:

Explore lived experiences of DHHD patients (for ≥ 1 year) who had been in-center for (for ≥ 6 mo.)

- Mixed qualitative & quantitative Methodology:
 - Participants approached by DaVita home training RNs
 - Participants called MEI toll-free number
 - Informed consent obtained by mail
 - Demographics and SDT questionnaire completed
 - Telephone interviews of ~ 1 hour
 - Participants received a \$50 honorarium

Analysis

- Each call audiotaped (completed)
- Verbatim transcripts prepared (underway)
- Transcripts analyzed thematically using NVIVO software (underway)
- Demographics compiled (completed)
- SDT survey results analyzed using SPSS (underway)

Partial Coding List (Will Guide Themes)



- Independence
- Confidence
- Learned from prior challenge
- Compassionate
- Mastery of other domains
- Purpose/meaning
- Spirituality
- Self-regard/care
- Positive relationships

- Personal growth/learning
- Relationship type
- Quality of relationship
- Dialysis experience
- Deciding on HHD
- Training
- Satisfaction
- Doing home HD
- Mastery & learning styles
- Barriers and facilitators

Demographics (n=16)

- Age: 4: 20-39; 5: 40-59; 7: 60+
- Gender: 10 male; 6 female
- Race: 11 white; 5 black
- Education:
 - 2 < high school</p>
 - 3 high school
 - 5 some college/technical school
 - 5 college degree
 - 1 master's degree

30,000 Foot View

- Physical well-being much better at home
- Autonomy & control enhanced at home
- Women did more of their own treatments
- Gratitude patients appreciated partners' help, though some needed but didn't want it.

In-center vs. Home

- "I went on that [in-center], and it was really rough. I've never responded to it very well. I was always sick coming off of it. I had to sleep for maybe 6, 7 hours afterwards. And the next day, I might feel okay, I might not. But I could never, ever feel okay for very long."
- "Now [on DHHD], I feel well enough, I go out, I, see friends when I feel well enough, which is a lot of the time. And even though I don't feel well enough to do housework most of the time, it's too taxing, but at least I have some social life now. And I look well, I look really pretty darn well."

In-center vs. Home

- "I had to take medication for nausea to try to keep from vomiting...I was so weak that I could not raise myself up out of the chair...I would have cramps every time."
- "[On DHHD] we get this thing on the road. I'm just grateful that I don't have to be confined to the house because I can't go anywhere because I have to be at a center. So, I could go for one day, but, now I can go for a week."

In-center vs. Home

- "It was cold in the center, because they wanted to keep it cool, I think, for some reason. There were alarms that went off, I didn't know what the problem was, and they were too busy to tell me. I wanted to be involved in my healthcare."
- "On the machine here, I, set the machine down, get disconnected and everything, and strip it down and everything I have to do for that, and get my trash taken out and everything . . . And then, I go outside and work in the yard or, so. I have a lot more energy."



- Patients feel better at home physically
- Emotionally, DHHD helps restore autonomy
- Day-to-day lifestyle is different at home than in-center
- Some patients increase their level of participation in care, based on circumstances