Buttonhole Use in HHD: The Procedure and Why

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Background

- Arterio-Venous (A-V) fistula use in hemodialysis is associated with improved morbidity and fewer hospitalizations
- Because of the need for frequent cannulation of the access, constant site cannulation (i.e., buttonhole) is re-emerging in popularity with frequent or daily hemodialysis patients
- Once cannulation tracks are formed, cannulation is less painful and the use of the "buttonhole" with a blunt needle prevents destruction of the fistula from needle infiltrations and "one-site-itis" with a sharp needle

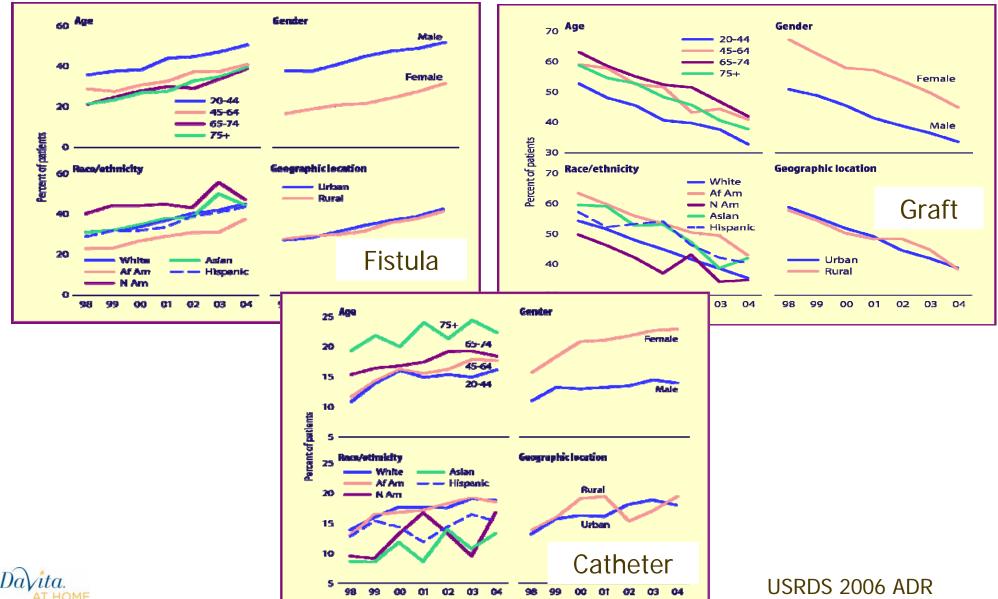


Fistula First

- Successful CMS Initiative
- CMS Stretch Goal 66% Fistula use by June '09
- Fistula First reported 48.6% national fistula use December '07
- Fistula preservation is dependant upon vessel integrity, surgical technique and access cannulation



USRDS: Demographics





Current Study: Methodology

- Objective
 - To assess buttonhole frequency among patients dialyzing at home and determine if patients were not using buttonhole technique, why not?
- A cross-sectional survey was completed in September, 2007 by the training nurses of 121 DaVita at Home Programs
 - What type of access is being used for dialysis?
 - If not AVF, then is AVF developing?
 - Is a buttonhole being used?
 - If not, why not?





Access being used for dialysis *

IF not AVF is AVF developing

Buttonhole (Y / N)

If not, why**

1=program does not offer

2=Teammates not familiar
with technique

3=Fistula not compatible

4=Patient unable to learn

5=Patient declined

6=NA

Patient Disposition: AV Fistula and Buttonhole Use

775 Patients on HHD at Time of Survey

759 Patients responded to the Survey

443 (58%) Patients with AV Fistula

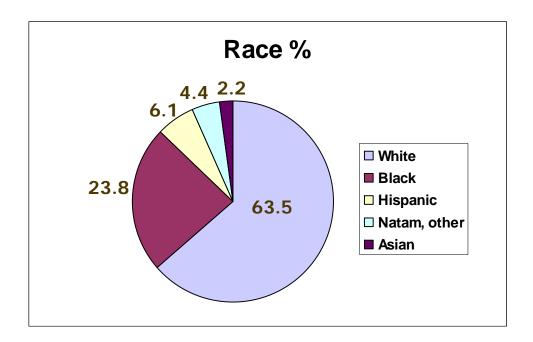
367 (83%) Patients using Buttonhole

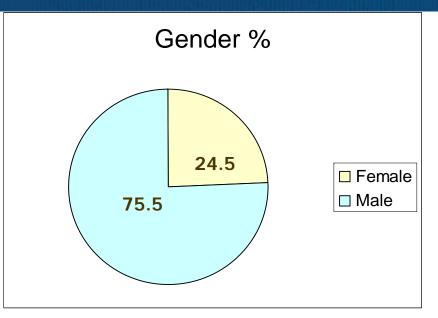


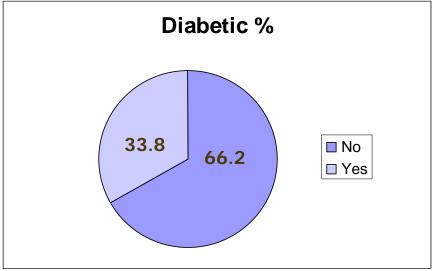
Demographics—Total Population

N = 759

Age mean=56.9 (\pm 13.9)











Mark Demographics by Group

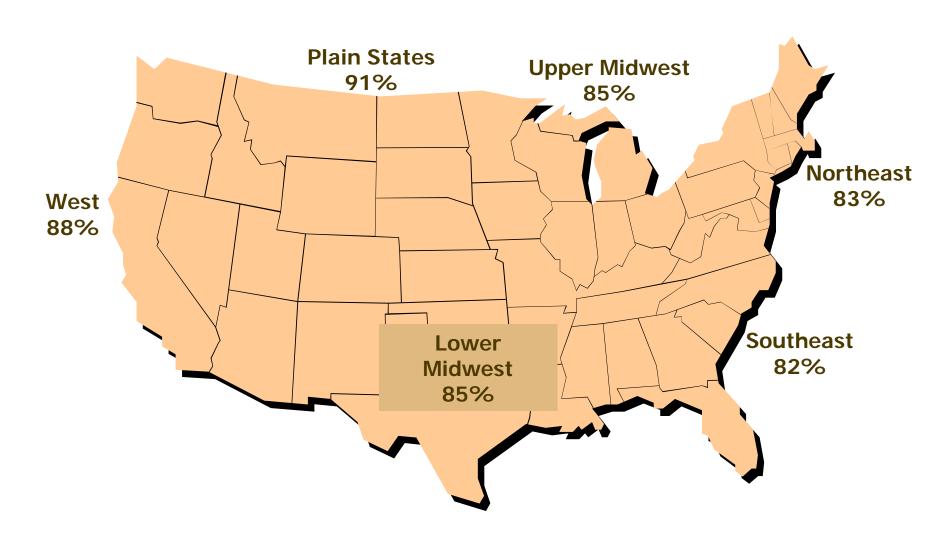
Characteristic	Buttonhole Users	Non-Buttonhole Users
N† (%)	347 (83.0)****	60 (17.0)****
Age mean (+ SD)	57.1 (13.9)	55.6 (13.8)
Gender % Female Male	25.4 74.6	20.0 80.0
Race % White Black Hispanic Natam,Other Asian	** 65.4 21.6 6.1 4.9 2.0	** 15.7 36.7 6.7 1.7 3.3
Diabetic Status % No Yes	* 65.2 34.8	* 76.5 23.5

^{****}Chi sq p<0.0001, **Chi sq p=0.09, *Chi sq =0.11, †Effective N=407 (missing demography for 36 respondents).

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Geoanalysis of Buttonhole Use





X

Reasons for patients not using buttonhole access

- 42 (10%) patients with a fistula declined
- 15 (3%) patients had fistulas that were not suitable
- 12 (3%) patients were not offered buttonhole cannulation because the nurse did not know the technique
- 4 (1%) patients not using buttonhole because their programs did not offer it for other reasons
 - Due in part to physician comfort with buttonhole technique



K Conclusions

- Buttonhole technique is used in the majority of home hemodialysis patients
- Continual improvement and educational strategies will be required to ensure a systematic approach to fistula cannulation
- Further research is needed to ascertain the clinical outcomes associated with the use of this technique in a multi-center home hemodialysis cohort
 - Plan to refine survey to include infection rates and implement again in Q3, 2008

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