# Post-Peritonitis Checklist: Beyond Pharmacological Treatment

Amanda Hale, RN; Beth Vogel, RN; Laurie Carpenter, RN; Lisa Wilson, RN; Erin McCloud, RN; Nancy Thompson, RN; and Nancy Stout, RN DaVita Inc., Lakewood, CO

## INTRODUCTION

Peritonitis is a leading complication of PD and according to ISPD 2005 guidelines, all cases of peritonitis should be investigated for cause. It is known that patients who have had peritonitis are at higher risk of additional episodes.

In November 2008, a group of DaVita PD facilities reported a collective peritonitis rate of 1 episode for every 29 months of therapy. While this rate is acceptable, we strive for continuous improvement. So, we created a plan to improve this peritonitis rate emphasizing prevention of repeat episodes of peritonitis in the same patients. Peritonitis tends to be recurrent and clustered within patients at risk.<sup>1</sup>

Chow KM, Li PK. Int J Artif Organs 2007 30(9) 771-777.

# **METHODOLOGY**

We interviewed PD nurses about successful actions they have used to a) identify root cause of peritonitis, b) avoid repeat occurrences, and c) simultaneously identify other potential risk factors. Their recommendations for managing peritonitis were condensed into one process: the "Post-Peritonitis Checklist".

The checklist was introduced in December 2008 to approximately 1850 patients. Each participating facility completed and documented the checklist items for every patient diagnosed with peritonitis. At onset of peritonitis, the PD nurses worked through the series of actions with each patient listed on the "Post-Peritonitis Checklist."

# **POST-PERITONITIS CHECKLIST**

- At onset, complete questionnaire to identify root causes
- Transfer set change w/ antibiotic therapy initiation
- Consider initiation of pain management
  Notify RD to address protein and fluid
  balance needs
- Manage other medications

- Obtain daily status reports until effluent
- Complete home evaluation
- Review pictures of healthy vs. infected peritoneum with patient showing long-term adverse effects of peritonitis
- Complete technique re-assessment 4 weeks after antibiotic therapy

## **RESULTS**

- By March 2009, the peritonitis rate for the collective group of home patients was 32.81. This was a 12.1% improvement from the initiation of the checklist.
- Practitioner and patient response to this process has been positive.



#### **KEY QUESTIONS FOR YOUR PATIENTS**

- How do you think the infection happened?
- 2 Any exchanges in a different environment?
- Recently moved your furniture, cycler, etc.?
- Has anyone new assisted you lately?
- 2 Any pets or new animals in your home?
- Are there seasonal changes re: A/C, fans, vents?
- 2 Any distractions while you are setting up, connecting or disconnecting?
- 2 Anyone else in the room while you are setting up, connecting or disconnecting?
- Any constipation or diarrhea?
- 2 Are you and others wearing a mask every treatment?

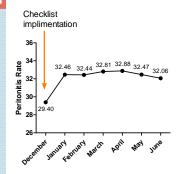


Figure 1. Monthly Peritonitis Rates

#### **KEY LEARNINGS**

- Improved patient care practices involving rigorous and structured follow up after episodes of peritonitis resulted in peritonitis rates that exceeded the goal for this group.
- The major success factor was a step-by-step checklist of pre-existing and innovative interventions consistently used at all facilities.

We thank the patients and nurses who participated in this study and DaVita Clinical Research® for support in preparing this poster. DCR is committed to advancing the knowledge and practice of kidnev care.



Correspondence: amanda.hale@davita.com

© 2009 DaVita Inc. All rights reserved. Confidential and Proprietary. May not be copied, reprinted or distributed without the permission of DaVita Inc.